MATERIALS SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS)

OXYGEN

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION (MATERIAL & SUPPLIER)

Product Identifier Oxygen, Compressed

Chemical Formula

Other Means of Identification SDS Number PG10

Recommended Use (Of The Chemical And Restrictions On Use)

Oxygen/Acetylene welding. Aid to respiration for patients. Steel manufacture. Accelerated combustion.

Supplier Name: **PUREGAS**

Address: 12 Hanrahan Street, Thomastown, VIC 3074

Phone: 1300 733 097 Fax: 1300 815 397

BUSINESS HOURS TELEPHONE No: 1300 733 097 Emergency:

EMERGENCY SERVICES:

sales@puregas.com.au Email: Website: www.puregas.com.au Use(s): Shielding gas for welding.

Also as Inert Gas Atmosphere for the

manufacture of Light Globes, Tube bonding applications & in metal refining.

Argon, compressed

MSDS Date: May 2022

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Hazardous Chemical

Compressed Oxygen is classified as hazardous.

GHS Classification(s) Oxidising Gases: Category 1

Gases Under Pressure: Compressed gas

Label Elements including precautionary statements Labelling Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard Pictograms

Synonym(s)





Hazard Pictograms Code Signal Word

Hazard Statements

Response

GHS03 & GHS04

H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary Statements

P403 - Store in a well ventilated place. Storage Prevention P244 - Keep valves and fittings free from oil and

grease.
P220 - Keep away from combustible materials. P370+P376 – In case of fire Isolate leak if safe to do so.

Other Hazards None

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material	Abbreviation	Contents	CAS No.	EC NO
Oxygen	O ₂	100%	7782-44-7	231-956-9

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First Aid Measures

Inhalation Sustained inhalation of concentrations in excess of ca 75%

are likely to cause nausea, dizziness and respiratory difficulties and possibly convulsions.

Remove victim to uncontaminated area

Skin Contact No adverse effects expected. **Eve Contact** No adverse effects expected. An unlikely route for adverse reactions. Ingestion

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment needed

None

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA All known extinguishants can be used.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Oxygen will accelerate burning of combustible materials.

Oxidant. Strongly supports combustion. May react violently with combustible

materials.

Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

Supports combustion

Hazardous Combustion Products: None.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS

Coordinate fire measure to the surrounding fire.

Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position.

Do not empty contaminated fire water into drains.

If possible, stop flow of product.

Move away from the container and cool with water from a protected position.

Special Protective Equipment for Fire Fighters: None.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures If possible prevent gas from discharging.

Personnel Precautions

Evacuate area

Check that there are no ignition sources & allow ventilation.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

None.

Try to stop release.

Prevent from entering low lying areas such as cellars, basements and work pits, or any such place where Argon accumulation & buildup would prove to be dangerous.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

None.

Clean Up Procedure

Ventilate area.

6.4. Reference to Subsequent Sections

See also sections 8 & 13.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE, INCLUDING HOW THE CHEMICAL MAY BE SAFELY USED

Observe the following requirement of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

Observe the requirements of State Dangerous Goods (Storage and Handling)

7.1 Storage and Handling

Storage Temperature UN Class Room Temperature

2.2 Non-Flammable, Non-toxic gas

Packaging Group Not assigned

UN Number 1072 Oxygen, compressed

EPG Number 2C6

Correct Shipping Name Oxygen, compressed

7.2 Storage Conditions (See Also AS4332 For Details)

Cylinders (Containers) are to be stored upright with their valve protective cap fitted., ideally outside of buildings or in a well ventilated area. Keep cylinders cool to minimize the pressure build up inside the cylinder (Container). i.e. Do not store the Cylinders (Containers) in direct sunlight.

Oxygen Cylinders (Containers) should be stored in areas not exceeding 45°C.

Observe safe manual handling of Cylinders (Containers) to avoid back or other injuries. Always move Cylinders (Containers) with cylinder dollies or portable racks; never roll or drag a bottle.

Store Oxygen Cylinders (Containers) Cylinders in a dry well ventilated areas. Construction needs to be of non-combustible material. Storage areas need to have level flooring (preferably concrete) for cylinder stability. Also make sure that they are secured to say a wall bracket with

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OXYGEN continued

a strap or chain. Areas need to be out of the way of heavy traffic to reduce the risk of accidental damage or impact. For indoors, use a well-ventilated storage area.

For outdoors, use a storage area that's protected from weather and equipped with a lock to prevent theft or tampering.

7.3 Spills, Leaks and Disposal

CAUTION: In the event of a cylinder (Container) rupture or uncontrolled release, Evacuate all non-essential personnel from the immediate vicinity until the Cylinder (Container) gas release has subsided & dissipated.
Use the necessary protective measures (i.e. Wear gloves and goggles) when approaching the discharged cylinder (Container). If in a confined or non ventilated space use a self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not attempt to repair leaking BD's or cylinder valves but simply fit a secure tag & print whether the valve and/or BD are defective and leaking. If possible date and print your name & contact details. Oxygen gas is non-flammable and does not support combustion.

Exposing the cylinder (Container) to intense heat or flame (e.g. a fire.) may cause the cylinder to vent rapidly and/or rupture violently.

To prevent the above happening, all Oxygen cylinder valves are fitted with a BD (Burst disc.)

This should in most cases prevent the Cylinder (Container) from rupturing.

The BD's act as a safety valve and are designed to vent the Oxygen gas when exposed to an elevated temperature of 65 degrees Centigrade. If the cylinders have simply become hot and the BDs have not released any gas cool/spray with water from a hose until cooled to the ambient air

If the Cylinders (Containers) are in a fire call the emergency services or fire brigade to deal with the situation as they are trained & have the equipment to deal with the matter.

7.4 Decomposition Products

None (Remains as Oxygen.) Oxygen

In case of Small Fire/Explosion use: In case of Major Water Emergency

Hazchem Code:

Extinguishing Medium: Water fog or fine water spray Danger of Violent

Reaction or Explosion: Not from the Oxygen gas decomposition or some chemical

reaction.

For Cylinder handling & when using with gas regulators: Wear appropriate protective work gloves, safety shoes and **Protective Clothing:**

safety glasses. For rescue operations of people affected by Oxygen build up in a confined space, ensure rescuers are wearing & using self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) to ensure that they to do not suffer the risk of asphyxiation. Isolate the Oxygen leak & dilute the effect of the presence of Oxygen by increased ventilation by opening all doors &

windows or by forced ventilation if available.

All other personnel in the immediate vicinity of the incident Evacuate

7.5 Other Information

Appropriate Measures:

Store and use compressed Oxygen in well ventilated areas. Do not drop, tip, or roll Cylinders (Containers) on their sides.

Do not use oil and grease on Cylinders (Containers), cylinder valves or the threaded valve caps.

Connect the Equipment or Materials properly as detailed in the Manufacturer's instructions.

Only use regulators, interconnecting piping and equipment with the correct mating connections and that are designed to withstand the high pressures to be encountered

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level None available. PNEC: Predicted No Effect

Concentration None available

8.2. Exposure Controls

8.2.1. Appropriate Engineering -

Systems under pressure are to be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

8.2.2. Individual Protection

A risk assessment should be such measures as PPE conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk.

The following recommendations should be considered:

Wear safety glasses with side shields, leather safety gloves, safety shoes when manually handling cylinders

Personal Protection Ensure adequate ventilation.

8.2.3. Environmental Exposure

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere.

See also section 13 for controls specific methods for waste gas

treatment.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties Appearance

Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa Gas Colour Colourless.

Odour

Odour threshold Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn for overexposure.

N/A for gas-mixtures. N/A for gases and gas-mixtures.

pH value Molar mass [g/mol] Melting point [°C] Boiling point [°C] Critical temperature [°C] -219 -183 -118 Flash point [°C] N/A.

N/A Oxidiser - Non flammable

Evaporation rate (ether=1)
Flammability range [vol% in air]
Vapour pressure [20°C] N/A Relative density, gas (air=1)
Relative density, liquid (water=1) 1.1 1.1 Solubility in water [mg/l] 39 Partition coefficient n-octanol/water Viscosity at 20°C [mPa.s] N/A. N/A **Explosive Properties** N/A

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Stability and reactivity: Stable.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage & specified temperature range.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Do not use oxygen as a substitute for air, nitrogen or any other gas.
Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service and rated for the cylinder

pressuré.

Use only oxygen approved lubricants and oxygen approved seals cleaned & packaged for Oxygen service.

Oxygen accelerates combustion of materials..

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid sparks, flames and any other sources of ignition.

Vigorously accelerates combustion of combustible materials.

Incompatible Materials
Combustible materials such as oil and grease can spontaneously ignite at low

temperatures when exposed to oxygen enriched air.

Materials which burn in air, will burn more vigorously in oxygen enriched

Metals can be ignited and continue to burn in pure oxygen atmospheres under certain conditions.

Oxygen accelerates combustion but does not produce hazardous products other than that already present when burning in air. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Accelerated combustion of materials in Oxygen will not form hazardous combustion products other than that already present if combusted in air.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Oxygen in air that we breathe is ca 21%. Higher Summary

concentrations (particularly as they exceed say 75% could cause hyperoxia. Pressures greater than atmospheric conditions will only exacerbate any issues. Chronic exposure to elevated Oxygen concentration is to be

avoided No known toxicological effects from this **Toxicity Information**

product.

No known toxicological effects from this Acute Toxicity

product.

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Rat Inhalation LC50 [ppm/4h] Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory Or Skin Sensitisation Stot-Single Exposure Stot-Repeated Exposure Aspiration Hazard

No data available. No known effects from this product. Not applicable for gases and gas-mixtures

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity No data available Persistence degradability No data available. Bioaccumulative potential No data available. No data available Results of PBT and vPvB assessment No data available.

Other Adverse Effects Ecological Effects Information

No known ecological damage caused by this product.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.

Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.

Refer to the code of practice of EIGA (Doc. 30/10 "Disposal of Gases, downloadable at http://www.eiga.org) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods

Contact supplier if guidance is required.

General: Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could

be dangerous.

May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.

Contact supplier if guidance is required.

Additional Information None

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Un Number Labelling ADR, IMDG, IATA 1072



2.2: Non flammable, non toxic gas. 5.1 Oxidizing substances

Land Transport (Adr/rid)

UN Proper Shipping Name Transport Hazard Class(es) OXYGEN COMPRESSED 2.2 1 O Classification Code P200

Packing Instruction(s) Tunnel Restriction

E Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E.

HAZCHEM - Emergency Action Code

2 = Fine water spray.

T = Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Recommended personal protective equipment Full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Appropriate measures: Dilute.

Sea Transport (IMDG)

OXYGEN, COMPRESSED Proper Shipping Name

Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire F-C Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage Packing instruction

Air Transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

OXYGEN COMPRESSED Proper shipping name (IATA)

Class Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Allowed

Packing instruction - Passenger & 200 Cargo Aircraft Cargo Aircraft Only Allowed

Packing instruction - Cargo Aircraft 200

Only

Special Precautions for User

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment

Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.

Before transporting product containers

Ensure there is adequate ventilation. Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Ensure valve protection device (where

provided) is correctly fitted.

Labelling ADR Other Transport Information 2.2: Non flammable, non toxic gas.

Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Ensure valve protection device (where

provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure there is adequate ventilation. Compliance with applicable regulations.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation specific for the Substance or Mixture.

EU Legislation

Seveso Directive 96/82/EC

Not covered.

National Legislation Ensure all national/local regulations are

observed.

Chemical Safety Assessment A CSA does not need to be carried out for this

product.

SECTION 16 – ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Indication of Changes Revised safety data sheet in accordance with

commisssion regulation (EU) No 453/2010

Training Advice Receptacle under pressure.

Strongly oxidising in high concentrations.
Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

Do not breathe the gas.

Ensure all national/local regulations are

observed

Customers need to understand the extreme hazard of oxygen enrichment and accelerated

List of Full Text of H-Statements

in Section 3

H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may

explode if heated.

H281 - Contains compressed gas; may cause cold burns when gas is expanding or injury.

Further Information Classification in accordance with calculation

methods of regulation (EC) 1272/2008 CLP/ (EC) 1999/45 DPD.

Note: This Safety Data Sheet has been established in accordance with "Preparation of safety data sheets for hazardous chemicals" - code of practice.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of issue. Although proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.

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